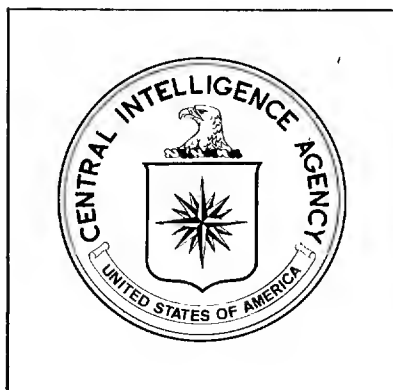


Confidential
No Foreign Dissem



WE

~~BE~~
~~RAC~~
Source

STAFF NOTES:

Western Europe Canada International Organizations

Confidential

No. 0269-75
September 15, 1975

Warning Notice
Sensitive Intelligence Sources and Methods Involved

NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION
Unauthorized Disclosure Subject to Criminal Sanctions

Classified by 010725
Exempt from general declassification schedule
of E.O. 11652, exemption category:
§ 5B(1), (2), and (3)
Automatically declassified on:
Date Impossible to Determine

WESTERN EUROPE — CANADA — INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

This publication is prepared for regional specialists in the Washington community by the Western Europe Division, Office of Current Intelligence, with occasional contributions from other offices within the Directorate of Intelligence. Comments and queries are welcome. They should be directed to the authors of the individual articles.

CONTENTS

Iceland and UK Far Apart on New Fishing Agreement	1
Italian Political Debate Still Centered on Communist Question	3

September 15, 1975

CONFIDENTIAL

25X1A

Iceland and UK Far Apart on New Fishing Agreement

Icelandic and British negotiators agreed to meet again in early October after making no headway last week in their initial talks on a new fishing agreement. Neither side made any effort to get down to specifics in the two and one-half hour session that consisted primarily of presentations of their respective bargaining positions.

On the major issue of fishing within the 50-mile zone around Iceland, the UK proposed only an adjustment of the size of the annual catch--now at 130,000 tons--the number and types of vessels permitted, and the dates of the fishing seasons. The Icelandic team responded that it has no mandate to discuss fishing in the 50-mile zone, and would have to consult the other parties in parliament. It also confirmed previous reports that Reykjavik will insist that the agreement with the EC to reduce tariffs on Icelandic fish--presently blocked by West Germany--would have to be implemented coincident with any new agreement with the UK.

None of this is surprising. As late as last week, opinion even within the Icelandic coalition remained sharply divided over permitting any foreign fishing within 50 miles and the restrictions that should be imposed once the 200-mile zone goes into effect on October 15. The prognosis for the negotiations is gloomy indeed if Reykjavik feels it must have even the opposition Communist-dominated Peoples Alliance on board, but this assertion in the initial talks was probably just for negotiating effect.

September 15, 1975

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

1 & 2 | The Icelandic government obviously is
2 | in no hurry to conclude another agreement,
| particularly when domestic sentiment unanimously
| favors a pact that would increase restrictions
| on the operations of foreign trawlers off
| Iceland. The British, on the other hand,
| want a new pact in hand when the current agreement
| expires in mid-November to avoid heating up
| the "cod war." (Confidential)

25X1A

September 15, 1975

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

25X1A

Italian Political Debate Still Centered on
Communist Question

As the tempo of Italian political activity picks up after the August holiday, debate is centering on the relationship between the government and the Communists and its effect on economic recovery efforts.

Since the Communist Party's unprecedented gains in the regional and local elections three months ago, many Italian politicians have tended to approach the question of the Communist role in more pragmatic terms. A speech by Prime Minister Moro last week--his first major policy statement since the elections--illustrates the point.

While continuing to rule out Communist membership in the government, Moro said that "no one could ignore" the Communist Party's strength and weight in the country. He declared himself ready to exchange views with the Communists on economic policy and acknowledged that the Communists could play an important role in the recovery effort.

Most government leaders agree with Moro that some kind of dialogue with the Communists is essential--it has taken place behind the scenes for years--but the real question is whether it should be brought out into the open and formalized. Moro sidestepped the issue by noting that it is up to the parties rather than the government to decide if and how the Communists should be associated with the majority.

That is one of the issues that have kept Moro's Christian Democratic Party in a state of disarray since the elections.

September 15, 1975

CONFIDENTIAL

4 | The party has had little success so far in deciding how to deal with the Socialists, who say they will not join the Christian Democrats in another national government that leaves the Communists totally in the opposition.

2 | Although Socialist leader De Martino is also against full-fledged Communist participation at the national level, he wants some arrangement, such as formalized consultations, that would "obligate" the Communists to support the government's program. De Martino's main goal is to limit Communist freedom to criticize government actions--a situation that gives the Communists an edge in competing with the Socialists for the votes of dissatisfied Italians.

4 | Many Christian Democrats fear, however, that such a formula would blur the distinction between majority and opposition and establish a precedent for broader collaboration with the Communists. The Communists see advantages and disadvantages for themselves in the dispute, but have served notice that they are not about to accept "responsibility without power."

3 |
4 | What everyone wants from the Communists right now is evidence that their union leaders are going to follow through on an earlier pledge to encourage labor moderation in major contract negotiations this fall. Communist union leaders are largely responsible for the decision of Italy's major labor organization to stress job security rather than excessive wage demands that would undercut the recovery effort. Unemployment now exceeds one million and the situation is potentially explosive in some areas such as Naples, where more than 10 percent of the jobless are concentrated.

September 15, 1975

CONFIDENTIAL

There are signs that the rank-and-file are unhappy with the leadership's soft line on wages, and the contract negotiations will be viewed as an important test of the effect the Communist gains have had on the party's ability and willingness to play a responsible role. (Confidential)

3 x 4

25X1A



September 15, 1975

Confidential

Confidential